Port Tariff Incentive Programme PTIP



Introduction

- PRSA recognises that policy needs to be responsive to the current needs of the economy and a mechanism is required to support national objectives
- Mechanism must allow for periodic change but must also provide long term certainty on duration of support
- PRSA's approach to 'the use of port tariffs through cross-subsidies to support national objectives through beneficiation and specific industry support' has been carefully considered
- Takes into consideration the Nine-Point Plan, IPAP, CMTP, and Commercial Ports Policy

Supporting Economic Activity through the Use of Port Tariffs

What?

- Set a process whereby policy objectives are supported by the port tariff structure
- Policy Objectives: to support specific types of economic activity e.g. beneficiation etc.

Why?

• The Tariff Strategy provides cost reflective tariffs, in some cases a cross subsidy will be required to achieve certain objectives. A mechanism to achieve this is required.

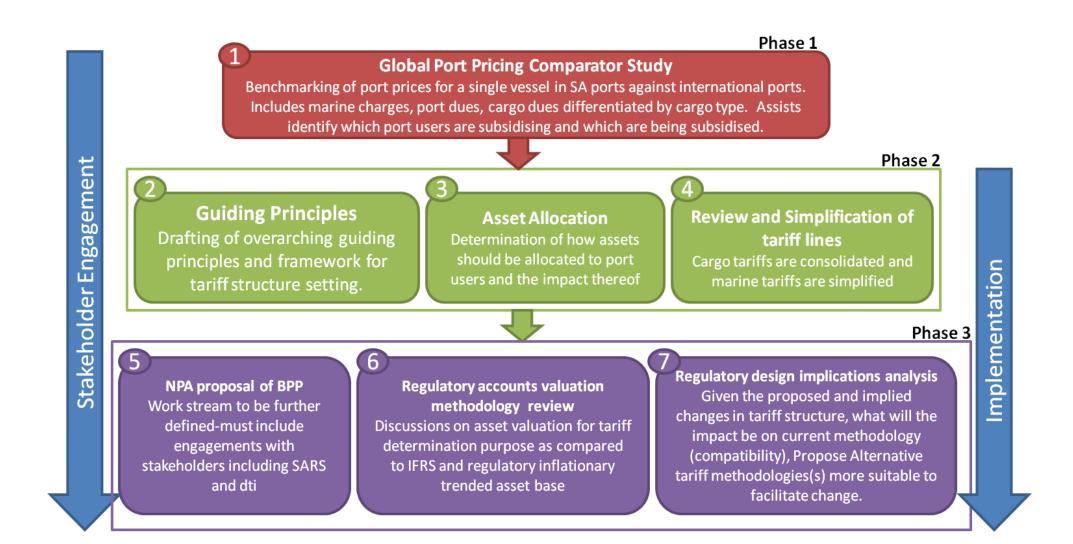
How?

 Allowing and quantifying various levels of cross-subsidisation in the port system for specified time periods

When?

Applications are open

Expanding on the Tariff Strategy



The Tariff Strategy – the role of PTIP

- The Strategy aims to create a fair, transparent, and cost-reflective port pricing structure which will allow port infrastructure investment to occur, and in turn create employment and boost trade
- Tariff Strategy does not address the use of tariffs as an incentivisation tool for policy objectives but leaves a space for such tool
- Incentive Process not linked to specific industry / sector / tariff / service but broadbased and will apply on a tariff level
- Adding an incentivisation tool to the Tariff Strategy also formalises the process of using tariffs as a tool for the SA government's wider objectives
 - Providing access to the Regulators decision making processes

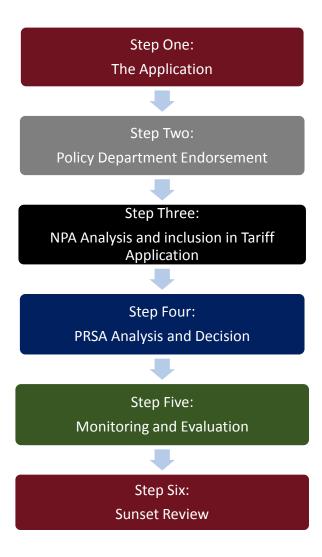
Using Tariffs as Strategic Incentives the context

- Primary objective of NPA is to provide port capacity, recover costs and make a profit commensurate with the risk
- PRSA interprets this mandate to mean that tariffs must be cost reflective to allow full recovery of costs and level of profit
- The Tariff Strategy additionally provides space for use of incentives, through either cross-subsidies or commercial risk taking by NPA
- The PRSA must ensure that proposed tariffs adhere *inter-alia* to Directive 23 (1) (f): The avoidance of cross-subsidisation save where cross subsidisation is in the public interest
- This process must determine whether a cross-subsidy will be in the public interest
- Exception rather than the rule

Port Tariff Incentive Programme (PTIP)

- Intended to support Beneficiation, Industrialisation, and Localisation through Port Tariff Regulation.
- The Port Tariff Incentive Programme was developed as a response to the need for a mechanism to implement state policies and respond to the need for beneficiation in the ports sector.
- State policies include Operation Phakisa, the newly launched Comprehensive Maritime Transport Policy, the Commercial Ports Policy, the Nine-Point Plan, as well as the various international trade agreements South Africa is bound by (World Trade Agreements).
- The port tariff process and the requirements thereof for South African ports is set out in the National Ports Act, 12 of 2005, as well as its Directives and Regulations.
- The Act further requires that any cross-subsidisation existing within the ports be 'fair and in the public interest'.
- The PTIP allows for cross-subsidies to be fair, transparent, in the public interest, as well as quantifiable.
- A reduction in tariff if justified will be granted through the amendment of a specific tariff line.
- The effect will be monitored throughout the period of the reduction and will be subject to a sunset review.

Process Guidelines – The Stages



The PTIP Process – Step 1

- The PTIP is a six step process that may result in an amendment to a line item in the NPA's tariff book.
- Step 1: The Application
 - Members of the public, port users, and industry bodies may apply to the Regulator for a discounted tariff.
 - Application forms may be found on the Regulator's website (www.portsregulator.org), as well as the official PTIP process which contains Guidelines for Application.
 - Application submissions require substantial information in terms of trade data, financial information, industry data etc.. Application Forms require both text and excel submissions.



Port Tariff Incentive Programme

Supporting Beneficiation, Industrialisation, and Localisation through Port Tariff Regulation

Application Form

The contents of this form have been developed in line with the provisions of the Port Tariff Incentive Programme (PTIP) as published by the Ports Regulator of South Africa. All applications, reviews, and decisions taken will be in accordance with South African legislation, and State policy and objectives.

All correspondence relating to the PTIP, as well as applications for a tariff amendment may be addressed to the Ports Regulator of South Africa -

11th Floor, The Marine Building, 22 Dorothy Nyembe Street, Durban, 4001
Contact: 031 365 7800. Email: info@portsregulator.org / tariffcomments@portsregulator.org

The PTIP Process – Step 2 & 3

Step 2: Policy Endorsement

- Application forms, as received by the Regulator, will be submitted to either the Department of Transport, or the Department of Trade and Industry, dependent on the nature of the Application.
- The Application will be reviewed in terms of its alignment with the various policies.
- Application Forms will remain with the Department for their analysis and will be submitted to the Regulator by the 28th day of March.
- An endorsement from the Department confirming alignment with polices will accompany the Form.

Step 3: NPA Analysis

- The NPA will receive all applications, along with the policy endorsements on 31 March for their analysis.
- This will occur in the form of financial, economic, revenue analysis and a administrative analysis.
- The NPA's final recommendation will accompany their annual Tariff Application to the Regulator which occurs on 01 August every year.

The PTIP Process – Step 4

- Step 4: PRSA Analysis and Decision
 - The Application's policy endorsement and NPA recommendation will form annexures to the Tariff Application and will follow the same process in terms of publication for stakeholder comment.
 - All confidential and financial information will not be published.
 - An Application Summary as contained within the Application Form will be published for comment on 02 August.
 - The Regulator will take into account received comments as well as conduct its own economic analysis.
 - A final decision will be published by the Regulator, on 01 December in the annual Tariff Record of Decision.
- Step 3: Monitoring and Evaluation
 - Monitoring and evaluation will occur for the duration of the incentive and will be unique to each incentive dependant on industry specifics, policy provisions, etc.
 - Monitoring may take the form of the submission of reports, financials, trade data, etc.
- Step 4: Sunset Review
 - All incentives will be subject to a sunset review, after which the incentive, the quantum thereof, and the impact will be reviewed and assessed. A decision to renew the incentive, or terminate the cross-subsidy will be taken by the Regulator after consultation with the NPA, the dti, and the DoT.

The PTIP Process – Timelines

- 28 January: Closing Date for PTIP applications. Applications to be submitted to the Ports Regulator (ptip@portsregulator.org)
- 30 January: Applications will be received by the relevant policy department for their analysis and endorsement.
- 28 March: Policy endorsements will be submitted, by the Department to the Ports Regulator.
- 31 March: Application Forms together with Endorsements will be submitted by the Regulator to the National Ports Authority.
- 01 August: The NPA's recommendation will accompany the annual Tariff Application and the summary thereof will be published for stakeholder comment.
- 01 December: the Regulator's final decision regarding the incentive will be published in the annual Tariff Record of Decision along with the stated duration thereof and requirements.

Concluding Remarks

- PTIP recognizes the delicate balancing act that industrial policy plays by being flexible but also by providing long term certainty.
- This can not be achieved in a vacuum-collaborative effort with many stakeholders
- PTIP has balanced these requirements by defining a set process where tariffs may be used to support industrial objectives.
- The process allows for constant change to the scheme, but will also provide longer term certainty based on the merits of each case.

Contact Us

• The documentation relating to the Port Tariff Incentive Programme may be found on the website of the Ports Regulator www.portsregulator.org

• Contact us:

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Phone: 031 365 7800

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www.portsregulator.org

Additional reading to assist in your application

- Port Tariff Strategy (July 2015)
- Port Tariff Incentive Programme + guidelines
- Port Tariff Methodology 2018/19-2020/21
- The National Commercial Ports Policy
- Comprehensive Maritime Transport Policy
- Industrial Policy Action Plan
- Nine Point Plan
- SA's Trade Policy and Strategic Framework
- Etc.

Q/A